Serial No.: 10/007,706

Filed: November 13, 2001

Please amend the application as follows to comply with requirements for patent applications containing nucleotide sequence and/or amino acid sequence disclosures in adherence with rules 37 C.F.R. § 1.821-1.825:

## **IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please replace paragraph beginning at page 6, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

- Fig. 1 depicts the protein sequence analysis of LTRPC2. Fig. 1(A) is a schematic of LTRPC2 structural motifs based on alignments of various related proteins including MLSN-1, LTRPC7, MTR-1, and the C. elegans proteins C05C12.3, T01H8.5, and F54D1.5. Bottom: ClustalW alignment of the NUDT9 homology region of LTRPC2 (positions 1197 to 1503 of SEQ ID NO:1), EEED8.8 (SEQ ID NO:4), and NUDT9 (SEQ ID NO:5). The putative signal peptide or anchor found in NUDT9 is double underlined (prediction based on SignalP2.0 analysis of the NUDT9 amino acid sequence). The Nudix box region is boxed by thick lines. Fig. 1(B) shows a qualitative RT-PCR analysis of LTRPC2 and NUDT9 expression in a selection of human tissues. Primers specific for either LTRPC2 (138 bp band) or NUDT9 (252 bp band) were used to prime PCR reactions from cDNA libraries prepared from the indicated tissues. A lack of band of the correct size was interpreted as negative (-), and the presence of a band was interpreted as positive (+). A 4.0 kb partial LTRPC2 cDNA (including the 5' end, and terminating at the internal NotI site) was subsequently cloned from the same leukocyte cDNA library used for

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these PCR reactions. Multiple NUDT9 cDNAs were obtained from a single screening of the same spleen cDNA library used for these PCR reactions.—

Please replace paragraph beginning at page 38, line 13, with the following rewritten paragraph:

— Example 1: RT-PCR and northern blot analysis of expression. For PCR analysis of LTRPC2 expression, the oligos used were CAGTGTGGCTACACGCATGA (SEQ ID NO:6) and TCAGGCCCGTGAAGACGATG (SEQ ID NO:7) to produce a 138 bp band. For analysis of NUDT9 expression, the oligos used were GGCAAGACTATAAGCCTGTG (SEQ ID NO:8) and ATAATGGGATCTGCAGCGTG (SEQ ID NO:9) to produce a 252 base pair band. Amplification conditions used were 95 degree melting, 55 degree annealing, and 72 degree extension for 25 cycles. All libraries screened were from Life Technologies. For northern blots, single stranded probes were constructed with the NotI/BglII fragment of the human LTRPC2 sequence as template using an Ambion StripEZ T7 RNA probe kit according to the manufacturers instructions. RNA was extracted from the indicated cell lines using the FastTrack mRNA extraction kit (Invitrogen), and transferred to nylon membranes using standard methods. Hybridizations were performed using Ultrahyb hybridization buffer (Ambion) at 65-68 degrees and otherwise standard methods.—

Please replace paragraph beginning at page 39, line 10, with the following rewritten paragraph:

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- Example 3: Construction of a FLAG-tagged LTRPC2 expression construct.

Brain cDNA was purchased from Clontech and used to obtain by RT-PCR the LTRPC2 coding sequence not present in the 4.0 kb fragment isolated by cDNA cloning. This sequence extended from the internal NotI site present in LTRPC2 to the stop codon, and included an additional KpnI site just internal to the stop codon, thereby adding an additional two amino acids (glycine and threonine) to the 3' end of LTRPC2, followed by a stop codon and a SpeI site just beyond the stop codon. This RT-PCR fragment was ligated onto the 4.0 Kb cDNA using the NotI site and SpeI sites, producing a full length LTRPC2 coding sequence. The internal NotI site in this fulllength LTRPC2 template was then removed by site-directed mutagenesis, and PCR was used to generate a LTRPC2 expression construct containing a NotI site at the 5' end internal to the initiating methionine. This construct was subcloned into a modified pCDNA4/TO vector containing a Kozak sequence, initiating methionine, FLAG tag, and polylinker including a NotI site in appropriate frame with the FLAG tag and a 3' SpeI site. This produced an expression plasmid that yielded a protein with the following predicted sequence: MGDYKDDDDKRPLA-(SEQ ID NO:10) followed by the LTRPC2 coding sequence beginning at amino acid 3 and extending to amino acid 1503- followed by GT and then the stop codon. Sequencing of the fulllength LTRPC2 construct showed four single base pair differences with the original LTRPC2/TrpC7 sequence. Three of these did not change the predicted amino acid sequence, while the fourth introduced a glycine for serine substitution at amino acid 1367 relative to the

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